Report to: **Executive Committee**

Date: **31st January 2006**

Report of: Director of Finance and Corporate Services

Subject: **Budget Strategy – 2006/7 to 2008/9**

Ward: All

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1 To agree the approach to the Council's budgets for 2006/7 and the Medium Term Financial Plan 2006/7 to 2008/9.

1.2 To agree the council tax and rent proposals for 2006/7.

Appendix 3 is a Glossary of terms to assist members with the terminology of the report.

- 1.3 To advise of changes to the Medium Term Strategy.
- 1.4 To agree areas of growth included in the report.

2. Key Decision

2.1 Agreeing the proposals constitutes a key decision.

3. Consultation

- 3.1 The proposals have been discussed with the Resources Scrutiny Committee and the Management Team.
- 3.2 Service Heads have been involved in the process and the budget is linked to the Council's priorities.

4. Summary of the Position to Date

- ! The Councils budget will show an under-spend of just under £500k for 2005/6 primarily due to increases in investment income of £328k. Members should note that when the 2005/6 budget was set it was estimated that £308,000 would be required from reserves, this is no longer necessary. The indications for 2006/7 are that we will be able to set robust general fund and housing revenue account budgets.
- ! The Council will have the option to increase council tax by around 2.5% for 2006/7 and 2007/8, which is linked to the inflation rate. (£4.12 on a Band D property, and £2.75 on a Band A).
- ! The Council received just under £2m in additional grant for 2006/7. The year on year increase for 2006/7 and 2007/8 was adjusted at £347,000 (3%) and £316,000 (2.7%) respectively. Additional grant of around £1.6m is to cover new burdens and transfers of function including concessionary fares. The settlement gives us certainty over the next 2 years.
- ! The Medium Term Financial Plan was reviewed in September; where a base

budget reduction target of £1.4m was set over the next 2 financial years to address the financial pressures and ensure the Council meets future priorities. The target has been met for 2006/7 bringing the budgets back into balance for at least the next 2 years.

- ! Reserves are strong and will be needed to manage pressures identified in this report.
- ! Following the 2004 Spending Review the Government set the Council an efficiency target of £1.8m over 3 years. The budget reductions identified in this report will contribute to our target, which we are close to achieving.
- ! Capital allocations are expected to be in the region of £1m a reduction of £1.3m compared to 2005/6. Capital receipts are still buoyant and will enable the Council to embark upon a capital programme of around £16m. for 2006/7. The North East Housing Board have confirmed capital grants of £566k for 2006/7 and £805k for 2007/8 for private sector housing renewal has to be confirmed. Clearly the demand for funding is high across the region but this is disappointing given we had bid for around £2.5m.
- ! The new subsidy regime has assisted the HRA again in 2006/7 but the decline in stock will affect rent income, which offsets gains. Disappointingly the final settlement was reduced by £200k and clearly the position will need to be monitored closely. Although not quite finalised good progress has been made to agree the 2006/7 Management Fee for East Durham Homes at around £10.3m.

5. Grant Settlement 2006/7 and 2007/8

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- 5.1 The government introduced a 4-block option for 2006/7. The new system in effect adds an additional layer of calculations on top of the existing formula spending share (FSS) calculations to allow a simpler presentation. The intention of the new system is to focus on grant and not on notional measures of spending and council tax. The system is based on 4 blocks of cash.
 - Relative needs amount
 - Relative resources amount
 - Central allocation and
 - Floor damping
- 5.2 The amount of cash nationally is the level of grant determined in the government spending reviews. The size of the total of the relative needs and resources blocks is set by judgement.
- 5.3 Each authorities cash allocation is based on the total of its allocations across the 4 blocks. The calculation of the block allocations being based on the FSS calculations, population, tax base and the damping mechanism.
- 5.4 The formula grant allocation to authorities was previously based on an annual calculation of the FSS formula. Changes were due to control total, data or methodology changes. The introduction of the 4-block option has seen a fundamental change to the local government finance system, and in particular how the grant is calculated. However, grant allocations will still be dependent on changes to the control total, data and methodology.

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- Year on year grant increased by £347,000 or 3%. The settlement was better than expected and increased following an adjustment to grant for 2005/6. The adjustment inflated the grant figure by £1.6m to reflect changes in responsibilities, in particular the free concessionary fares scheme. The increase meant the 3% increase was applied to a higher figure resulting in further grant of £50,000.
- ! The settlement covered two years, the increase in grant for 2007/8 being set at £316,000 an increase of 2.7% when compared to 2006/7. This brings the settlements in line with the 2006 Spending Review and will lead to 3-year settlements from 2008/9.
- ! Shortly after the settlement was announced the government issued a further communication stating that council tax increases should not exceed 5% and 'limitation powers' will be used where necessary.
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- 5.6.1 In addition to the year on year-adjusted increases, the council has had grant increased by over £1.6m to address additional responsibilities and burdens which were identified as follows: -
 - Equality for disabled people
 - Freedom of Information
 - Civil Contingencies (Emergency Planning)
 - Electoral Registration
 - Concessionary Bus Fares statutory free fare scheme

Individual sums of money were not identified in the settlement the increase being rolled into the overall settlement.

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- 5.7.1 Of the £1.6m it is estimated that around £1.4m was attributable to the new statutory fares scheme whereby travel within the Districts boundaries will be free from April this year. The estimate is crude and based on data received during the consultation period.
- 5.7.2 Whilst full details of the scheme to be adopted was not finalised at the time the report was prepared around £1.4m will be committed to the concessionary fare budget for 2006/7. The grant is not ring fenced.=
- 6. Medium Term Financial Strategy/Plan 2006/7 to 2008/9
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- 6.1.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) was reviewed in September and the revised strategy is set out in Appendix 1. The strategy includes amendments to the operational framework agreed by the Executive in the review, the assumptions made in the budget process and key issues facing the Council.

- 6.1.2 When the review was carried out a budget deficit of around £1.3m was identified. A target of £1.4m was set with £1m to be achieved for 2006/7 and a further £400,000 for 2007/8. I'm pleased to report that efficiencies of just over £1.6m have already been achieved which has addressed the deficit. Appendix 2 sets out the main areas where efficiencies have been made.
- 6.1.3 The revised projected position is set out below.

Position – September 2005

Budget Position	2005/6	2006/7	2007/8
Shortfall	£18,172	£1,282,937	£829,992
Surplus			
Level of Reserves	£2.796m	£1.613m	£0.29m

Revised position - post efficiency exercise

Budget-Revised	2005/6	2006/7	2007/8	2008/9
Shortfall				£483,166
Surplus	£192,000	0	0	
Level of Reserves	£3.423m	£3.368	£2,938	£2.455m

- 6.1.4 Taking account of the above and the efficiencies achieved, the medium term position has improved dramatically producing an estimated break-even position for the next 2 years. Although a shortfall is projected for 2008/9 it is expected that the position will become clearer by then with appropriate steps taken to counter the position.
- 6.1.5 The position outlined takes into account the use of reserves of £1.5m.

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- Superannuation costs still increasing year on year to meet the pension fund deficit.
- E Government programme maintenance costs of new systems.
- Service level agreements covering environmental operations, vehicle maintenance and central support services are currently being reviewed by East Durham Homes and there is likely to be a significant impact on the general fund following the outcome of that review. The agreements under review provide income of around £1.5m to the Council albeit some elements may be a transfer of costs.
- The costs of the new free fares scheme for the elderly and disabled is uncertain as
 we have no idea of demand, changes in travel patterns following introduction and
 there could be additional costs from the bus operators in terms of set up costs and
 potential fare increases.

- Externally Funded Posts is still an issue particularly in regeneration/community development.
- Potential fall in investment income as reserves decrease and capital receipts slow down.
- Addressing the disability discrimination implications for all council buildings.
- Demands around the homeless service.
- Development of the contact centre

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- New initiatives from the government will require a review of priorities.
- The outcomes from the recent CPA pilot will require consideration.

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6.3.1 In reviewing the medium term position the areas of growth included in the table below were identified for 2006/7 and are submitted for approval.

Area of Growth Scheme/	Budget Increase	<u>Priority</u>
Activity	£000's	Maldagatha diatriat Oafa
*Extension of Street Wardens Scheme	460	Making the district Safe
		Clean tidy communities
*NRF Phased Mainstreaming from 2005/6	88	Approved in 2004/5 - Various
*Appointment – Head of Customer Services	50	Quality services for our people
EDBS – Marketing Support	25	A sustainable job for everyone
Replacement Hardware – Financial Mgmt System	40(prov)	Striving for excellence in the workplace
Travellers Strategy	6	Quality services for our people
Tourism Initiative (2006/7 and 2007/8)	10	A sustainable job for everyone
**Concessionary Fares Scheme (Increased grant)	1.200	Quality services for our people
Total	1,879	

^{*} Already formally approved.

7. Approaches to the General Fund Budget – 2006/7

- 7.1 The budget efficiency exercise coupled with a fair grant settlement has left the Council in an unusual position compared to previous years. Whereas in the past the grant announcement determined the final budget position the efficiency exercise undertaken left a position where the budget was capable of being balanced, including growth without utilising the year on year grant increase.
- 7.2 In saying that the impact of the concessionary free fare scheme was not included and therefore is to be financed from the additional grant. An additional £1.2m will be put in the base budget with a further £200k set aside to meet any one off and additional costs which may evolve. Details of the new scheme will be reported to members shortly.

^{**} From April 2006 a free fare scheme within the district boundary will be introduced.

- 7.3 Taking account of the concessionary fares issue and the additional service/ cost pressures outlined in paragraph 5.2, in particular those relating to Service Level Agreements with East Durham Homes I propose to include a contingency of £500k in the base budget for 2006/7 and transfer around £300k into a reserve to deal with potential increased costs arising from the new fares scheme and for managing the change arising from the review of the service level agreements.
- 7.4 If the above is agreed budgets can be balanced for 2006/7 and 2007/8 without using general reserves.

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- 7.5.1 In finalising the budget I will be able to propose an inflationary council tax increase of 2.5% for 2006/7 and 2007/8. If accepted the increase in 2007/8 will be the 5th consecutive year of low increases. We have all worked hard to stabilise the budget and that has enabled us to sustain reasonable and acceptable year on year increases. This approach is consistent with council's medium term financial strategy and gives taxpayers' year on year stability whilst at the same time increasing the council tax base.
- 7.5.2 The table below outlines the Council's approach to the tax over the last 6 years which is consistent with government assumptions and significantly below regional and national increases.

Year	Government Assumptions	District of Easington - (%)Increases	Regional Increases (%)	National Increases (%)
2000/2001	4.5	4.5	5.2	6.1
2001/2002	4.5	4.5	4.9	6.4
2002/2003	5.2	7.5	8.2	8.2
2003/2004	3.7	3.0	8.7	12.9
2004/2005	3.8	2.9	5.1	5.9
2005/2006	6.2	2.9	4.1	4.0
Cumulative	27.9	25.3	36.2	43.5
Average Annual Increases	4.7	4.2	6.0	7.25

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7.6.1 Robust financial management arrangements are key to delivering the strategy and resolving the issues outlined above. It will be crucial to strictly monitor the budgets and regularly review the medium term plan. Whilst the budget is stable for 2 years we must

maintain pressure on the base budget, in order to sustain the position and create flexibility for growth. For future budgets consideration may be given to: -

- Injecting more risk into budgets, the levels of year on year savings indicate some capacity.
- Using reserves in the short term to allow time to realign resources and where necessary pump prime efficiencies in the base budget.
- Further examination of all budgets for efficiencies or income generation opportunities.

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7.7.1 At the time of preparing the report the Council is awaiting the use of resources assessment as part of our Direction of Travel statement. During the year it was identified that to demonstrate delivery of value for money, processes have to be improved and officers will target this area during 2006/7.

7.8 Conclusion – General Fund

- 7.8.1 Measures undertaken over the last 4 months have stabilised the budgets in the medium term, however the Council will continually be faced with cost pressures and therefore in order to meet our future priorities and make a difference in our communities efficiencies must be identified to realign our budgets and provide growth.
- 7.8.2 Over the coming weeks the Council will be reviewing its priorities and non-priorities, which will inform future resource allocation.

8. Capital Programme - Main Issues

- Although not finalised a capital programme of around £16m is being considered.
- Housing Capital Allocations have been set for 2 years and for 2006/7 the allocation is £1m, a reduction of £1.3m compared to last year. Members are reminded that the allocations are borrowing approvals where costs are supported by grant. As stated earlier capital grants of £566k and £809k for 2006/7 and 2007/8 have been approved by the North East Housing Board to be used to finance that element of the capital programme.
- The Council=s Major Repairs Allowance for 2006/7 is expected to be £4.7m. This compares to £4.8m last year, the reduction in real terms is due to the fall in housing stock.
- Capital receipts are still buoyant but they are expected to slow down in future years. Whilst 'decent homes' has been prioritised it is essential the Council and East Durham Homes succeed in the next ALMO inspection to secure the necessary funding to make significant improvements to the housing stock.
- The prudential code of borrowing was introduced in April 2004. Unfortunately whilst it is a financing option designed to increase council freedoms, opportunities are limited because the cost of unsupported borrowing impacts on council taxes and rents and the government to some degree controls those areas through limitation. Whilst there may be an impression that controls are being

loosened this is not the case.

Due to increased capital receipts and in order to increase revenue returns I prematurely used receipts to repay debt in 2004/5. When financing is required for the capital programme the receipts will be replaced by new borrowing under the code.

9. Housing Revenue Account (HRA) – 2006/7 forward

- 9.1 Falling housing stock which of course reduces rent income is a major issue for this account and as with the general fund the key to sustaining this account is medium to long term financial planning. East Durham Homes are currently preparing a Business Plan in conjunction with the Council, which will contain measures to sustain the account over the medium to longer term.
- 9.2 Whilst the HRA still requires work, some of the issues emerging are set out below.

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- ! Management and Maintenance allowances have increased by 12% and 11% respectively.
- ! Rent income allowance has increased by 8.5% the government having rebased individual rent levels.
- ! For 2006/7 rent increases have been capped by the government at an average of 4.7%, this largely offsets the increases in management and maintenance.
- ! Major repairs allowances were increased by 5%.
- ! If the housing stock reduces by 10% in the current financial year we could benefit from a subsidy 'windfall of £750k.

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! It is proposed to increase rents by 4.7% in line with government expectations, the increase equates to around £2 per week.

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- ! HRA minimum reserve will be recommended at around £800k but further consideration is required given the 3* strategy which has been recently approved.
- ! The management fee for East Durham Homes is close to agreement at around £10.3m an increase of £800,000 on last year. This increase represents a 2.5% increase on the 2005/6 fee plus £500,000 to address the revenue repairs issue which emerged in the current year.

10. Implications

10.1 Policy

The budget is prepared in accordance with the Council's corporate plans and priorities.

10.2 **Legal**

The budget will be prepared according to the statutory requirements.

10.3 Financial

The financial implications are set out in the main detail of the report.

10.4 **Risk**

A risk analysis has been undertaken and actions put in place to manage those risks.

10.5 Communications

The budget and council tax increase when finalised will be communicated through press releases, the next edition of Infopoint and will be placed on the Council's Web Site.

10.6 Corporate Plan and Priorities

The growth proposed is aligned to the Council's objectives and agreed priorities.

10.7 **Performance Management and Scrutiny**

Outcomes arising from the budget will be reflected in service plans and will be monitored through the Council's performance management process.

10.8 Implementing Electronic Government

The budget addresses and resources the Council's commitment to meeting priority service outcomes arising from the E. Government targets.

10.9 **Procurement**

Procurement arising from the budget will be conducted in accordance with the procurement strategy

10.10 Equality and Diversity

None.

11. Recommendations

- 11.1 The Committee is asked to agree the above strategy as a basis for the 2006/7 budgets and the medium term financial plan for the next 3 years.
- 11.2 To agree the proposed council tax and rent increases.
- 11.3 To agree the medium term financial strategy as set out in appendix 1.
- 11.4 If agreed the proposals will be reflected in the budget proposals to be considered by the full council in February.

Background Documents

Grant Settlement Notification from ODPM – December 2005
Out turn Report to Executive – 05/7/05
Budget Report to Extraordinary District Council – 25/2/05
Bi Monthly Budget monitoring Reports to Executive – 2005/6 financial year
Capital Allocations from the regional Housing Board-ODPM – December 2005

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Appendix 1

MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY

The Strategy

The strategy will provide an overarching framework in which to develop medium to long term financial plans.

- 1. That broadly the council maximises spend in line with the changes to the Spending Formula (FSS) and taking account of the council tax policy.
- 2. That resources are directed towards the priorities identified by the Council
- 3. That in considering council taxes that cognisance is taken of the socio- economic problems of the area and the impact of, high council tax increases on taxpayers on low incomes, the low level of wealth and indeed the low tax base of the area.
- 4. That the Director of Finance and Corporate Services monitors the plan taking into account the key issues facing the Council.
- 5. That bids for future growth be initially considered from efficiencies from existing budgets and thereafter each case to be considered on it=s merits against other priorities of the council.
- 6. That through various bodies the Council continues to campaign for a better deal for the Council and deprived areas.

Operational Framework

The operational framework is the day-to-day parameters for delivering the strategy. The framework will be subject to regular review.

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Within the strategy the Council will maintain a prudent balance of, ,1.5m to meet unforeseen or unavoidable items of expenditure, which may occur.

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Reserves in excess of the prudent balance to be used to pump prime initiatives as agreed by the Council and to stabilise the base budget in the short term until the budget is fully integrated with the council=s corporate plans.

Such an approach will take pressure off the base budget and enable future revenue savings initiatives to be financed in the short term. Monies for Electronic Service

Delivery being a good example.= =

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That the Council maximises borrowing to enhance the Capital Programme therefore providing investment in the area. As a general rule the Council should not borrow to fund revenue expenditure.

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It is proposed that the current policy for the use of capital receipts be continued on the basis that they are pooled and that usage is considered on a corporate basis.

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Existing charges for services are to be reviewed annually in accordance with the council's Trading and Charging Policy.

In considering charges members should be provided with the following information where applicable: -

Current Year Charge	Х
Proposed Charge	Х
Percentage Increase	Х
Estimated Additional Income	Х
Income as a % of expenditure	Х
Subsidy /Surplus per user (if applicable)	Х
Reason for Subsidy (if applicable)	Х
Analysis of the impact of the charge	Х

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Where new initiatives are to be funded in total or in part by external funding a report will be made to the Executive Committee to include the following: -

- The council priority
- The outcomes to be derived together with timescales
- The full financial implications of the initiative
- Exit strategies including human resource/financial implications.

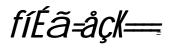
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Efficiency plans should be incorporated into service plans as part of the budget setting process.

Appendix 1/2

MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY - ISSUES FACING THE COUNCIL

\$ **Pension Increases** \$ Insurance costs Potential transfer of costs from HRA to General fund following review of Service Level \$ Agreements. Meeting the Decent Homes Standard \$ \$ Best Value review of Corporate Services. \$ **Community Engagement** \$ Financial Implications of external funding regimes \$ E Government/Accessibility of Services/Priority Service Outcomes \$ Premises / Disabled Discrimination Act (DDA) \$ Demand on Capital resources – Decent Homes/DDA/Egovt/Leisure Centres \$ Supporting People \$ Social Inclusion/young People/Elderly/Equality \$ Human Resource Issues around Capacity/Performance Management/Change Culture and **Training** \$ Waste Recycling Central Government demands on local authorities – (Potential Local Government Review/ \$ Lyons Review/Neighbourhood empowerment). Efficiency Strategies and evidencing value for money. \$

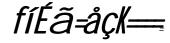


Appendix 2

BUDGET EFFICIENCIES 2006/7

SAVINGS IDENTIFIED IN REVIEW OF THE MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL PLAN

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I à E-cMB-e E a cî E c Concordat review Green Waste strategy Administration Contract Buy Out Leisure Services Management Fee Savings in borrowing charges	25 80 70 87 88 200	550
DIRECTORATE SAVINGS		539
OTHER AREAS		
Loan charges – one off 2006/7 District Audit Fee Transfer of Pension Costs to the HRA	170 50 300	<u>520</u>
GRAND TOTAL		<u> 1609</u>



Appendix 3

Glossary of Terms

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The total level of support Government provides to local authorities. It is normally made up of Revenue Support Grant, specific and ring fenced grants and grant redistributed from National Non Domestic Rates.

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The scaling factor applied to the formula to reflect higher costs -mostly pay in some council areas.

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The amount each authority estimates it will spend after deducting any funding from reserves and any income it expects to raise other than council tax and grants.

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The means by which local businesses contribute to the cost of providing local authority services. Rates are paid into a central pool and then divided between authorities on the basis of the number of residents each authority has.=

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A local tax set on domestic property

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>Damping is used to describe the way the phasing of changes to the >Formula Spending Share.= (FSS). It limits the effects the changes may have on council tax levels and allows authorities time to adjust to the changes. The damping mechanism is the floors and ceilings arrangement.

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An element of a Council=s costs which do not vary in size. Mainly consists of the costs of the corporate and democratic core and sometimes described as >the costs of being in business, not the costs of doing business.=

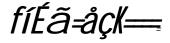
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Comprises of Revenue Support Grant and redistributed business rates grant =

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Is the annual determination of formula grant distribution as made by the Government and debated in Parliament. It includes

- s the totals of formula grant
- s how the grant will be distributed between authorities and
- s the support given to other local government bodies.



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Is an authority=s budget requirement and use of reserves.

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This is the amount of council tax income the County Council, Parish Councils and the Police Authority need to provide their services. They levy the precept on the Billing Authority, which collects the tax. $b \sim 8.48\% (c^4 - 4.48\%) \sim 1.00\% (c^4 - 4.48\%)$

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An authority, which sets a precept to be collected by the billing authorities. Durham County, the Durham Police Authority and the Parish Councils are precepting authorities for the District.

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Is a Council=s surplus income in excess of expenditure and can be used to finance future spending.

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Is day-to-day or recurring expenditure financed by AEF Grants, council taxes and reserves.

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A government grant plugging the gap between the Council=s FSS and the amount it should receive from Assumed National Council Tax and redistributed business rates.

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A grant paid to an authority, which has conditions, attached to it, which restricts the way it, which it can be used.=

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Specific formula grants, targeted or ring fenced grants are sometimes referred to as specific or special grants. A specific grant is paid under a specific legislative power whereas a special grant uses a general power to pay grants.

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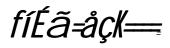
A grant distributed outside the formula grant distribution system but with no conditions attached.

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A type of ring-fenced grant, which has conditions, attached which specify a broad outcome.

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The amount of spending by local government as a whole, which the government is prepared to support through grants. Formerly >Total Standard Spending=



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